# Data Resource Center for Child & Adolescent Health

## Child and Family Health Measures – Survey Items Displayed in the Data Query

2022 National Survey of Children's Health

This Content Map presents the list of survey items displayed in the 2022 NSCH Interactive Data Query. The Indicator level Content Maps for the "Child and Family Health Measures" and the "National Performance and Outcome Measures" are available on the DRC website.

#### Physical, Oral Health and Functional Status

Individual oral health problems, age 1-17 years

- Toothaches
- Bleeding gums
- Decayed teeth or cavities

## Prevalence and severity of current or lifelong health

- Allergies including food, drug, insect, seasonal or other
- Asthma
- Autoimmune disease (Type 1 Diabetes, Celiac, or Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis)
- Blood disorders (such as sickle cell disease, thalassemia, or hemophilia)
- Cerebral palsy
- Cystic fibrosis
- Type 2 Diabetes
- Down syndrome (severity data not collected)
- Epilepsy or seizure disorder
- Genetic or inherited condition
- Fetal Alcohol Spectrum Disorder (FASD) (severity data not collected)
- Heart condition
- Frequent or severe headaches, 3-17 years
- Tourette Syndrome, 3-17 years
- Anxiety problems, 3-17 years
- Depression, 3-17 years
- Behavioral and conduct problem, 3-17 years
- Development delay, 3-17 years
- Intellectual disability, 3-17 years
- Speech or other language disorder, 3-17 years
- Learning disability, 3-17 years
- Autism/Autism Spectrum Disorder (ASD), 3-17 years
- ADD/ADHD, 3-17 years
- Hearing problem (severity data not collected)
- Vision problem (severity data not collected)

### Prevalence of additional health conditions (not included in indicator 1.9 condition count)

- Concussion or brain injury
- Congenital heart condition

#### Prevalence of specific functional difficulties

- Difficulty with breathing or other respiratory problems
- Difficulty with eating or swallowing
- Difficulty with digesting food
- Difficulty with repeated or chronic physical pain, including headaches
- Difficulty using hands, 0-5 years
- Difficulty coordinating or moving around, 0-5 years
- Serious difficulty concentrating, remembering, or making decisions, 6-17 years
- Serious difficulty walking or climbing stairs, 6-17 years
- Difficulty dressing or bathing, 6-17 years
- Difficulty doing errands alone, 12-17 years
- Hearing problems
- Vision problems

#### Physical, Oral Health and Functional Status

#### Healthy eating

(consumption of sugary drinks, vegetables, fruit), 1-5 years

- Sugary drink consumption
- Vegetable consumption
- Fruit consumption

#### Eating- or body image-related behaviors, 6-17 years

- Skipping meals or fasting
- Having low interest in food
- Extremely picky eating
- Binge eating
- Purging or vomiting after eating
- Using diet pills, laxatives, or diuretics (water pills) to lose or maintain weight without a doctor's orders
- Over-exercising
- Not eating due to fear of vomiting or choking

#### Time spent outdoors, age 3-5 years

- Time spent outdoors on most weekdays
- Time spent outdoors on an average weekend day

#### Types of special health care needs

- Qualifying on CSHCN Screener prescription medication criteria
- Qualifying on CSHCN Screener for elevated use of service criteria
- Qualifying on the CSHCN Screener functional limitations criteria
- Qualifying on the CSHCN Screener specialized therapy criteria
- Qualifying on the CSHCN Screener ongoing emotional, development or behavioral conditions criteria
- Ongoing emotional, developmental, or behavioral needs and other special health care needs
- Number of CSHCN Screener criteria CSHCN met
- Types of special health care needs
- Complexity of special health care needs

#### **Emotional and Mental Health**

#### Individual flourishing items for young children, age 6 months-5 years

- Bounce back quickly when things don't go their way
- Affectionate and tender with parent
- Show interest and curiosity in learning new things
- Smile and laugh

#### Individual flourishing items for children and adolescents, age 6-17 years

- Show interest and curiosity in learning new things
- Stay calm and in control when faced with a challenge
- Work to finish the task they start

#### **Health Insurance Coverage**

## Individual items for insurance adequacy

- Health insurance benefits met child's needs
- Coverage allowed child to see needed provider Reasonable out-of-pocket health care expenses

#### **Health Insurance Coverage**

#### Reasons not covered by insurance entire year

- Not covered by health insurance due to change in employment
- Not covered by health insurance because of cancellation due to overdue premium
- Dropped health insurance coverage because it was unaffordable Dropped health insurance coverage because benefits were
- Dropped health insurance coverage because choice of health care provider was inadequate
- Not covered by insurance due to problems with application or renewal process
- Problems with application or renewal process

#### **Health Care Access and Quality**

Type of preventive dental services received, age 1-17 years

- Dental check-up
- Dental cleaning
- Instruction on oral health care
- Dental X-rays
- Fluoride treatment
- Dental sealant

#### Types of care received from an eye doctor

- Received eve examination
- Received prescription for eyeglasses or contact lenses
- Received a diagnosis of a vision disorder other than nearsighted, farsighted, or astigmatism

#### Recommendation for a vision test

Recommended for an eye examination or additional vision services

#### Individual components of family-centered care

- Doctors spent enough time with the child
- Doctors listened carefully
- Doctors showed sensitivity to family values and customs
- Doctors provided information specific to parents' concerns
- Doctors helped parents to feel like partners in care

#### Individual components of care coordination

- Family gets help with coordinating child's health care among those who needed
- Needed extra help to coordinate health care
- Got needed extra help with care coordination Satisfaction with communication among child's doctor and other
- health care providers Health care provider communicated with child's school, childcare provider, or special education program
- Satisfaction with communication among child's doctors and school, childcare provider, or special education program

#### Individual components of shared decision making

- Doctors discussed range of health care/treatment options
- Doctors made it easy for parents to raise concerns or disagree with recommendations
- Doctors worked with parents to decide together health care/treatment options

#### **Health Care Access and Quality**

#### Individual components of transition to adult health care, age 12-17 years

- Transition Part A: Time alone with health care provider
- Transition Part B: Actively worked with the child to manage care transition
  - Doctor worked with the child to gain skills to manage their health and health care
- Doctor worked with child to understand health care changes Transition Part C: Discussed shift to providers who

#### Additional items related to youth transition to adult health care, age 12-17 years

- Doctor worked with the child to make positive choices about their health
- Youth received a summary of their medical history
- Youth currently has a plan of care to meet their health goals and needs
- Youth has access to the plan of care
- The plan of care addresses transition to adult health care provider
- Discussed child's health insurance coverage into adulthood

#### Forgone health care services

Medical Care

treat adults

- Dental care, 1-17 years
- Vision care
- Hearing care
- Mental health care, 3-17 years

#### Reasons for forgone health care

- Due to eligibility
- Due to availability Due to problems getting an appointment
- Due to problems getting transportation or childcare
- Because office was not open
- Due to cost

## **Community and School Activities**

- Children who care about doing well in school
- Children who do all required homework

- Participation in sports teams or lessons
- Participation in clubs or organizations
- Participation in other organized activities or lessons

25 survey items, 3-5 years

Citation: Child and Adolescent Health Measurement Initiative (2023). "Child and Family Health Measures Content Map - Survey Items Displayed in the

Data Query, 2022 National Survey of Children's Health". Data Resource Center for Child and Adolescent Health supported by the U.S. Department of

Health and Human Services, Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA), Maternal and Child Health Bureau (MCHB), Retrieved [mm/dd/vv]

■ 11 survey items, 1-5 years

#### **Family Health and Activities**

## Individual items for family resilience

- Talk together about what to do
- Work together to solve the problem
- Know we have strength to draw on Stay hopeful even in difficult times

#### Adverse childhood experience

- Hard to get cover basics like food and housing on family's income
- Parent or guardian divorced or separated
- Parent or guardian died

severely depressed

- Parent or quardian served time in iail or prison
- Witnessed domestic violence
- Victim or witness of neighborhood violence · Lived with anyone who was mentally ill, suicidal, or
- Lived with anyone who had a problem with alcohol or drugs
- Treated or judged unfairly because of their race or ethnic group Treated or judged unfairly because of their sexual
- orientation or gender identity Treated or judged unfairly because of a health

### Individual items for parental aggravation

- Parent felt child is difficult to care for
- Parent felt child does things that bother them
- Parent felt angry with child

condition or disability

## Persons from whom received emotional support

- Spouse or domestic partner
- Other family member or close friend Health care provider
- A place of worship or religious leader
- Advocacy or support group
- A peer support group A counselor/other mental health professional

## Individual items for food and cash assistance

- WIC benefits
- Cash assistance from government Food Stamps
- Free or reduced cost meals. School meal debit/Electronic Benefits Transfer (EBT) cards

### **Neighborhood Safety and Support**

#### Neighborhood amenities

- Sidewalks or walking paths
- Park or playground A recreation center, community center, or boys' and
- airls' club A library or bookmobile

#### Detracting neighborhood elements

- Litter or garbage on the street or sidewalk Poorly kept or rundown housing
- Vandalism such as broken windows or graffiti

This project is supported by the Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA) of the U.S. Department of Health and Humans Services (HHS) under grant number U59MC27866, National Maternal and Child Health Data Resource Initiative, \$4.5M. This information or content and conclusions are those of the author and should not be construed as the official position or policy of, nor should any endorsements be inferred by HRSA, HHS, or the U.S. Government.